

EXHIBIT 14

Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico FY18 Budget

June 30, 2017



The Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico (the “Board”) and Ernst & Young Puerto Rico LLC (“EY”) have prepared this report (the “Report”) based upon information and material supplied by the Board, Board advisors, the Government of Puerto Rico, and other publicly-available sources. The Board engaged EY to review the budget for the 2018 fiscal year as prepared by the Government and as contained in the Report. EY’s sole responsibility was to aid the Board in analyzing the budget for the 2018 fiscal year and the financial situation of Puerto Rico.

The nature and scope of EY’s services were determined by the Board and are reflected in the Agreement between EY and the Board dated April 17, 2017 (the “Agreement”). EY’s procedures were limited to the procedures requested by the Board and which are described in the Agreement. EY’s work was performed only for the use and benefit of the Board and should not be used or relied on by anyone else. Other persons who read this Report who are not a party to the Agreement do so at their own risk and are not entitled to rely on it for any purpose. EY does not assume any duty, obligation or responsibility whatsoever to any other parties that may obtain access to the Report.

EY’s services were advisory in nature. While EY’s work in connection with this Report was performed under the standards of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “AICPA”), EY did not render an assurance report or opinion under the Agreement, nor did EY’s services constitute an audit, review, examination, forecast, projection or any other form of attestation as those terms are defined by the AICPA. None of the services EY provided constituted any legal opinion or advice. This Report is not being issued in connection with any issuance of debt or other financing transaction.

The Board has the knowledge, experience and ability to form its own conclusions. Any assumptions, forecasts, projections, recommendations or conclusions contained in this Report are solely those of the Board.

In assisting in the preparation of this Report, EY relied on information and underlying data provided by the Board, Board advisors, the Government of Puerto Rico, or publicly-available resources, and such information was presumed to be current, accurate and complete. EY has not conducted an independent assessment or verification of the completeness, accuracy or validity of the information obtained. Consequently, EY provides no assurance of any kind with respect to, or on, the information presented.

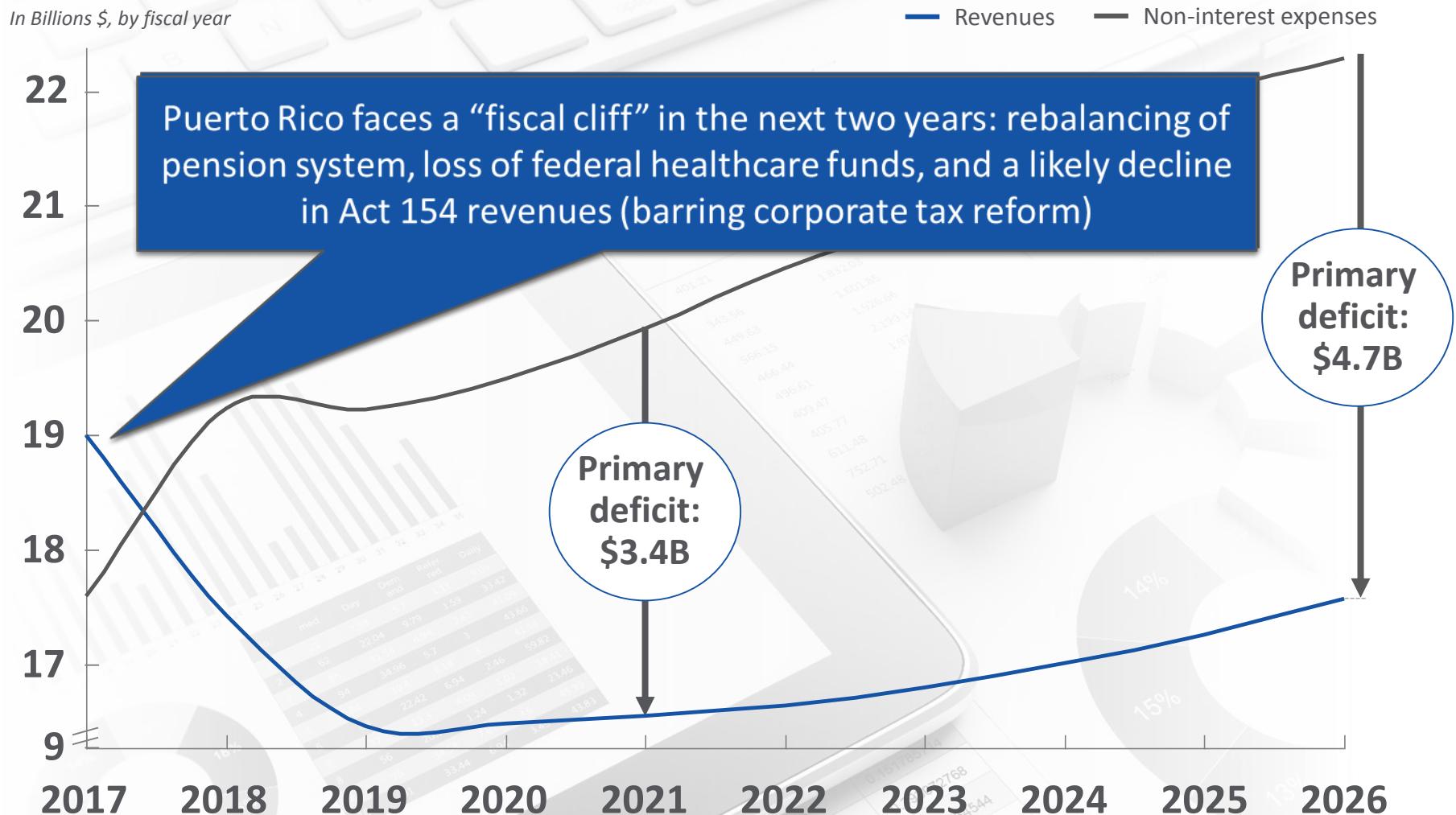
There will usually be differences between projected and actual results because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected and those differences may be material. As a result, no assurance regarding the achievement of forecasted results is provided, and reliance should not be placed on any forecasted results or projects contained herein as such information is subject to material change and may not reflect actual results. EY takes no responsibility for the achievement of projected results.

Table of Contents

Section	Page
Fiscal Plan Overview	4
Executive Summary	8
Consolidated Budget Overview	13
General Fund Overview	18
Additional Spending Analyses	23
Appendix	32

FISCAL PLAN OVERVIEW

Based on the Fiscal Plan projections, without action, Puerto Rico would likely confront a large and growing deficit



Note: Deficit does not account for reduced expenses and additional revenues that result from proposed Fiscal Reform Measures

Note: Amounts provided by AAFAF, from issuer agencies and from publicly available information. Estimated amounts are subject to further review and may change

Source: Government of Puerto Rico December 2016 Fiscal Baseline

Information contained herein was not prepared or verified by EY. Reliance restricted. Does not constitute an audit opinion or legal advice. Any recommendations or conclusions are solely those of the Board and not EY. Please refer to limitations and restrictions on page 2.

The Fiscal Plan reform area targets were designed by the Government and certified by the Board to promote structural balance while following a core set of principles

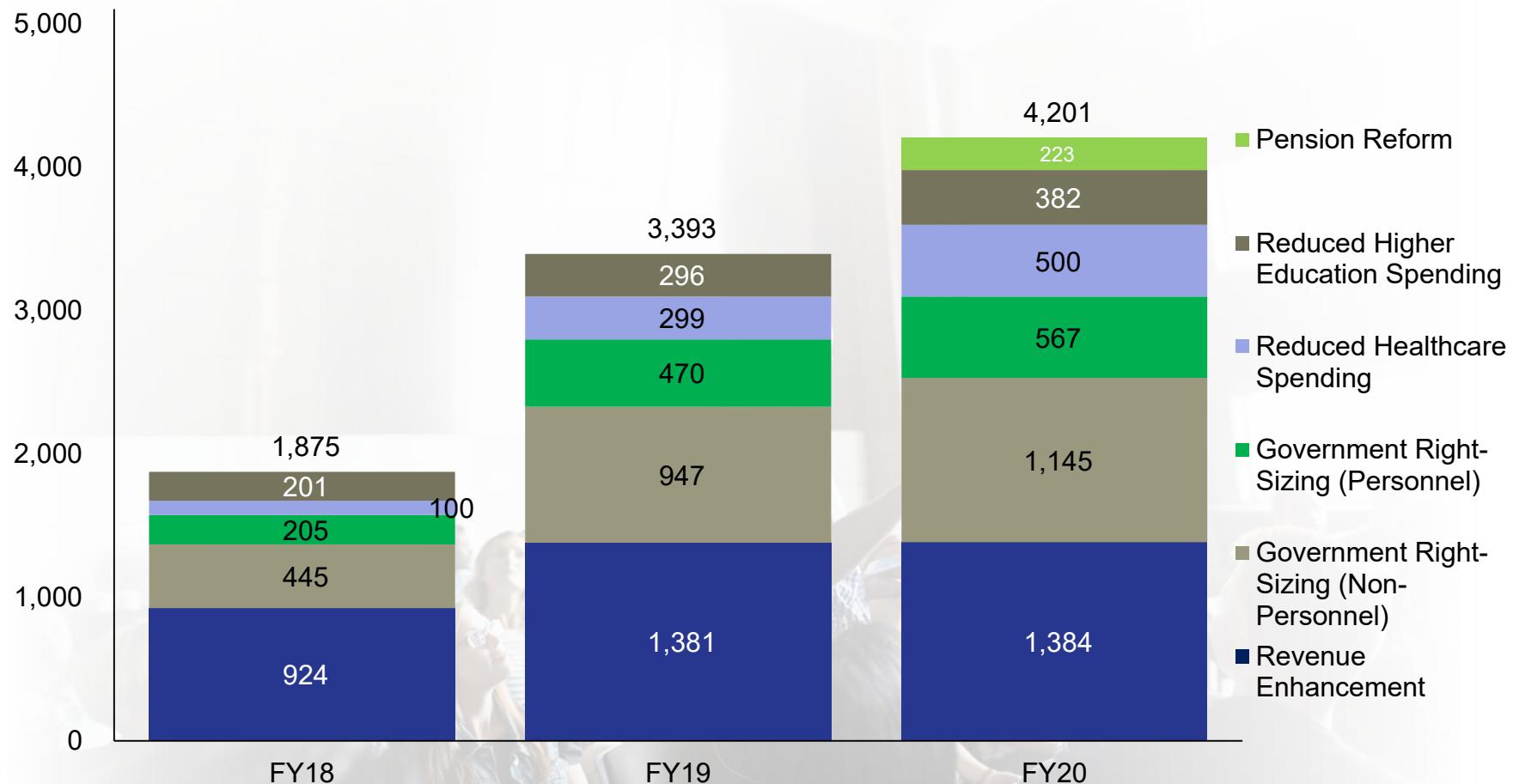


					
"Once and done" approach with a target balanced budget by FY19	Demonstrate viability through implementation plans	Ensure funding of essential government services	Provide adequate funding for pension systems	Provide capital expenditures and investments necessary to promote economic growth	Include aspirational goals for Puerto Rico and its people

FY18 Budget incorporates Fiscal Plan measures that start to set Puerto Rico on a path towards financial sustainability

Fiscal Reform Measures

In Millions \$, by fiscal year



Source: Puerto Rico Fiscal Plan

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Board believes the FY18 Budget represents another step towards Puerto Rico's recovery



Reflects the Government's public policy priorities



Includes level of revenues and expenses generally consistent with the Fiscal Plan



Majority of funds allocated to education, public safety, welfare, healthcare and economic development



Allocates additional Government funds to pensions and healthcare system



Embeds financial controls to monitor implementation and overspending

With revisions, the FY18 Budget is generally consistent with the Fiscal Plan

The Board closely reviewed the FY18 Budget



Preparation of FY18 Budget



Evaluation of FY18 Budget



Reconciliation of Budget to Certified Fiscal Plan

- **OMB issued guidelines** to submit budget requests based on requirement to achieve the agency's guiding principles
- **The Board provided a revenue forecast** for use in developing FY18 Budget
- **Budget prepared by Government is based on FY17 Budget and considered** Fiscal Plan measures, impact of new initiatives and cost savings incurred/expected

- **The Board requested the Government** prepare the FY18 Budget consistent with trajectory for primary fiscal balance in the Fiscal Plan
- **Onsite due diligence** was carried out to review FY18 Budget
- **Meetings with key individuals** included OMB, AAFAF, Hacienda, individual governmental agencies and the Legislature

- **The Budget includes** difficult adjustments in many areas, including reduced funding for municipalities and UPR, and cuts to education, health, public safety and welfare programs
- **While certain Board recommended amendments are needed,** FY18 Budget is generally consistent with the certified Fiscal Plan

The Board has proposed several recommendations to the FY18 Budget

Spending Adjustments

Board recommendations to reduce spending in several areas

- Spending by certain government entities
- Spending increases as compared to FY17
 - Earmarks and special expenditures

Technical Corrections

Board recommendations to correct several technical elements

- Use of federal matching funds
- Justice Dept. monthly allocation
- Future modifications to the budget

FY18 Budget incorporates additional financial controls to monitor overspending and maintain accountability



Limitations on spending

- Agency expenses cannot exceed the amounts in the budget
- Multi-year appropriations authorized in previous fiscal years are suspended and no new multi-year appropriations with the exceptions of appropriations related to permanent improvements



Approval for access to reserves

- No expenditure shall be charged against the Budgetary Reserve unless it is approved by the Board
- Expenses above and beyond the budget will need Board approval



Regular reporting requirements

- Weekly and monthly reports of the actual cash revenues, cash expenditures, and cash flows of each agency
- Monthly and quarterly actual vs. budget reports from each agency of the Government on a modified accrual basis
- Monthly tracking of key performance indicators for each fiscal reform measure initiative
- Quarterly reports on macroeconomic performance

CONSOLIDATED BUDGET OVERVIEW

Consolidated Budget Overview

- Key components of the Consolidated Budget include the following:

General Fund

- The primary operating fund of the Government

Special Revenue Funds

- Funds created by law, not subject to annual appropriations and have specific uses established by their respective enabling legislation

Component Units / Public Corporations

- Legally separate from primary government but Puerto Rico appoints a majority of these organizations governing bodies¹

Federal Funds

- Expenses funded by Federal Government money

Other Funds

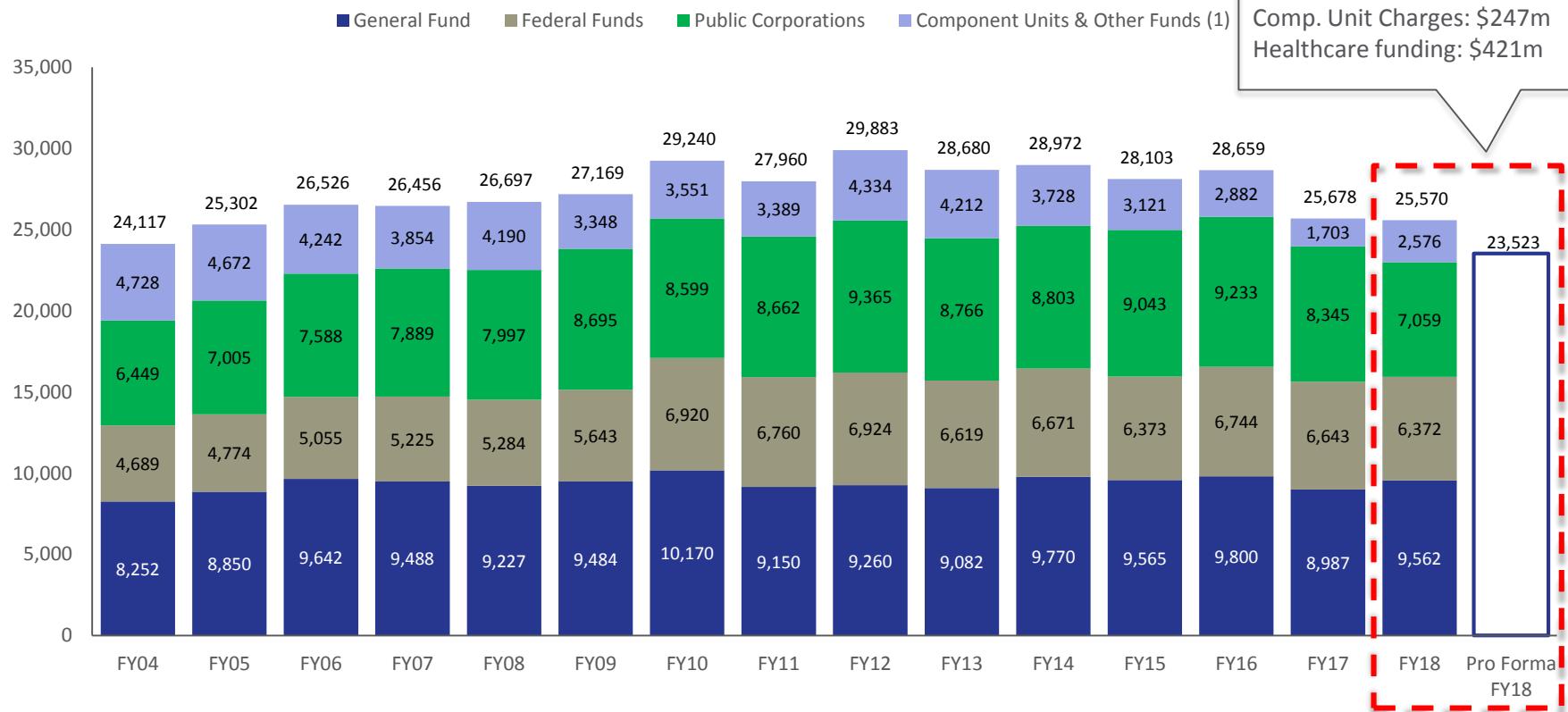
- Debt Service and other funds

(1) Many public corporations and other instrumentalities traditionally relied on subsidies, in the form of appropriations from the General Fund and/or assignments of Puerto Rico tax or other revenues, to fund a material portion of their operations

FY18 Budget was developed by the Government based on FY17 budgeted amounts and reflects a reduction in overall spending

Historical Consolidated Budget

In Millions \$, by fiscal year



(1) Component Units & Other Funds includes Special State Funds, Special Revenue Funds, and the incremental healthcare funding to cover the loss of Medicare funds
 Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

The FY18 Budget includes several cost escalators and reducers as compared to the FY17 Budget

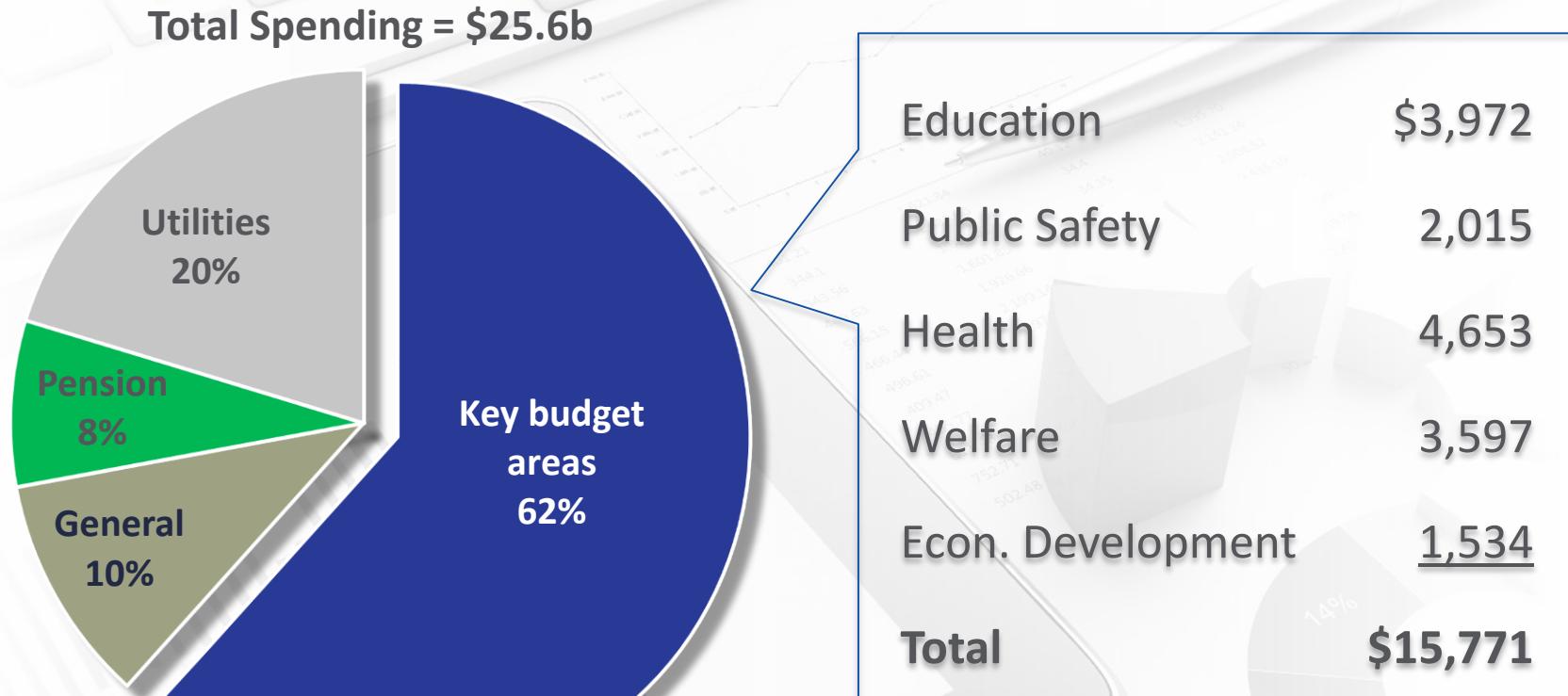
- The Consolidated Budget includes several factors that increase costs relative to FY17, including higher pension and healthcare liabilities
- These increases are offset, in part, by reductions in costs, including various personnel and non-personnel savings and additional funds
- The Board believes these are the first steps toward restoring fiscal responsibility and setting a path to achieve the Fiscal Plan's objectives

Cost Escalators	Cost Reducers
Higher pension costs related to pay-as-you-go liability +	Payroll and personnel reductions -
Increased Government healthcare funding +	Subsidy reductions to UPR, municipalities, private sector -
Maintenance capital expenditures +	Non-personnel rightsizing initiatives -
Revenue reduction due to economic contraction +	Additional Medicaid funds -
	Healthcare system cost reduction measure -
	Improved tax compliance -
	Other revenue and expenditure measures -

The majority of the FY18 Consolidated Budget is dedicated to five areas

FY18 Consolidated Expenditures

In Millions \$



Note: Utilities spending are budget allocations to PREPA and PRASA

Note: General spending includes municipal appropriations, OMB funds, liquidity reserve, Hacienda, Legislature and the Public Buildings Authority

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

GENERAL FUND OVERVIEW

The General Fund is the Government's principal operating fund

General Fund - \$9.562 billion

Discretionary

Operating cost of the central government including programs, payroll, and administrative costs

Special appropriations for programs and some may be pass-through grants to non-profit or non-public entities

Examples Include:

- Payroll
- Rent and utilities
- Purchased and Professional Services
- Materials, Equipment

Semi-Discretionary

Contributions or block grants to entities outside the central government or large entitlement programs

Examples Include:

- Public Health Insurance
- Special appropriations – OMB custody
- Contributions to Municipalities
- Contributions to Legislature

Non-Discretionary

Expenses from appropriations by formula and other pre-legislated or agreed-upon commitments

Examples Include:

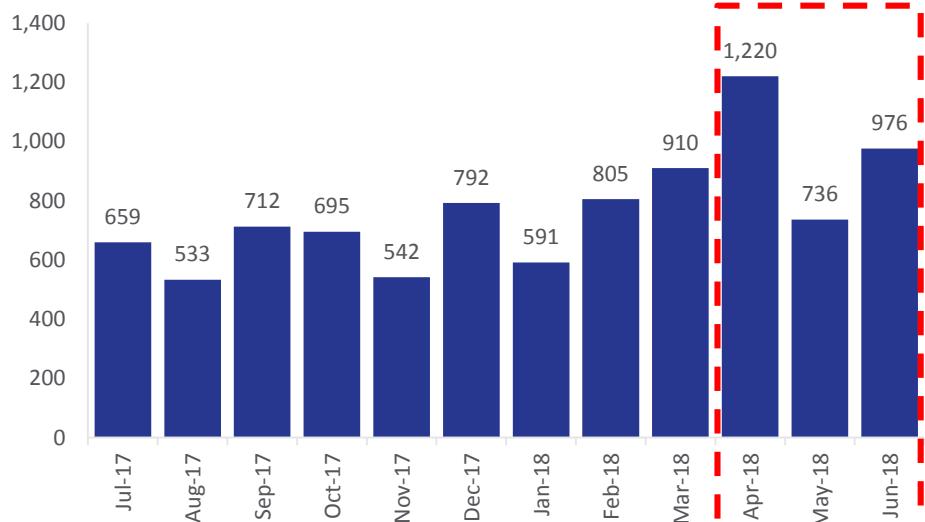
- Pension pay-as-you-go
- Judicial Branch Formula
- Municipalities Formula
- Legislature Formula
- UPR Formula
- Oversight Board

The Government projects FY18 General Fund revenue to be \$9.562b, which is \$369m higher than FY17 General Fund revenue

- The Board evaluated revenues in the certified Fiscal Plan and incorporated revisions based on more recent analysis and new information
- The final revenue estimates were provided by the Board to the Government and are generally consistent with the Fiscal Plan

FY18 Monthly General Fund Revenues

In Millions \$



Note: Monthly revenue does not include pension asset sales for \$390m

FY17 Compared to FY18 General Fund Revenue

In Millions \$, by fiscal year

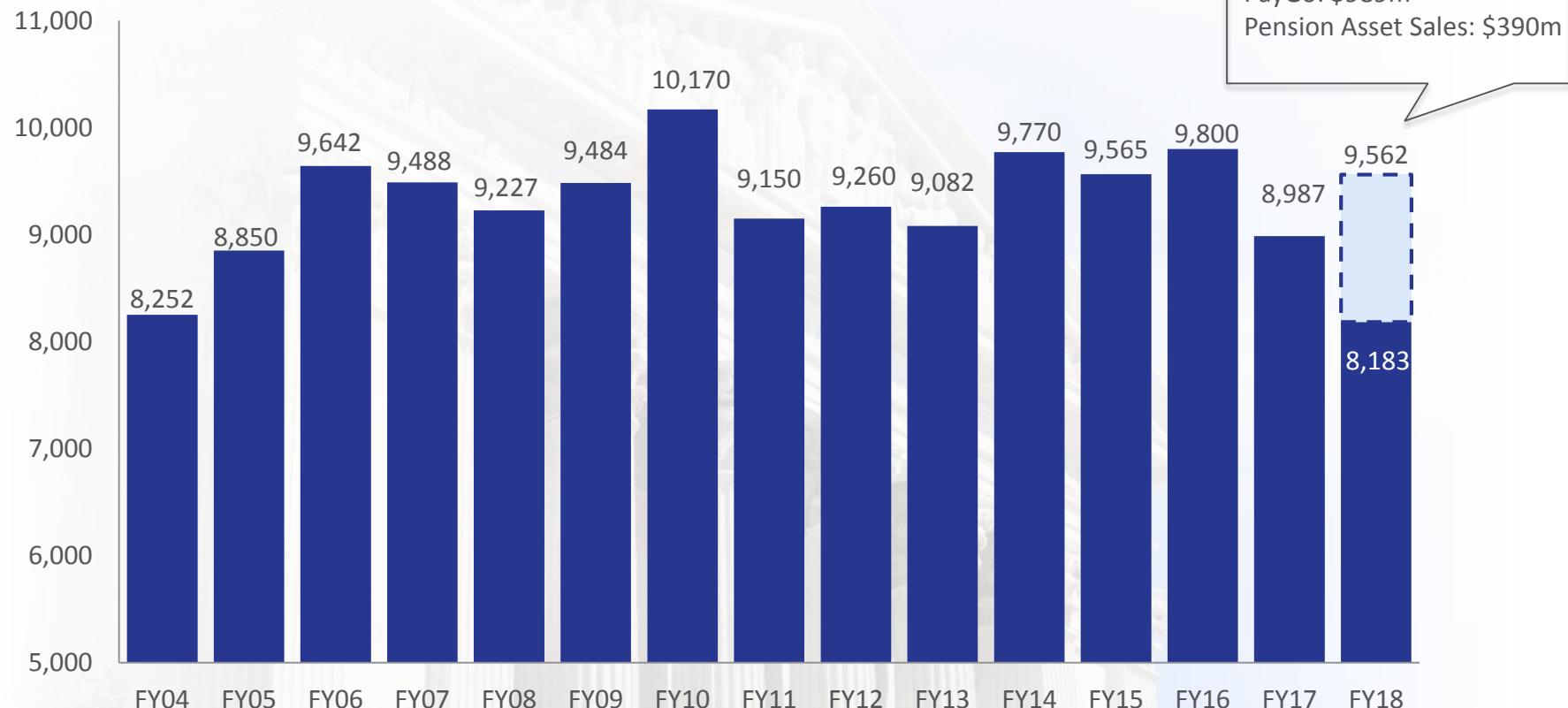
	FY16 Budget	FY17 Budget	FY18 Budget	FY17-FY18 Change
Base Revenue				
Individual Tax Collections	\$2,135	\$1,892	\$1,800	(\$92)
Corporate Tax Collections	1,793	1,515	1,510	(5)
Non-Resident Withholding Tax	822	685	640	(45)
Sales & Use Tax	1,738	1,718	1,567	(151)
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	270	268	257	(11)
Excise Tax (Act 154)	1,905	2,075	1,533	(542)
Tobacco Products Tax	133	112	110	(2)
Excise tax from rum remittances	186	206	149	(57)
Other	513	721	681	(40)
Sub-total	\$9,495	\$9,192	\$8,247	(\$945)
Additional Fiscal Plan Measures				
Extension of Act 154	-	-	\$519	\$519
Inc. Collections Sales & Use Tax	-	-	150	150
Inc. in other revenues and taxes	-	-	255	255
Pension asset sales	-	-	390	390
General Fund Revenue	\$9,495	\$9,192	\$9,562	\$369

Excluding pension adjustments, the FY18 General Fund Budget is 9% lower than the FY17 Budget

- The General Fund incorporates an additional \$1.4b to cover pension outlays as the retirement systems transition to a pay-as-you-go basis

Historical General Fund Budget

In Millions \$, by fiscal year



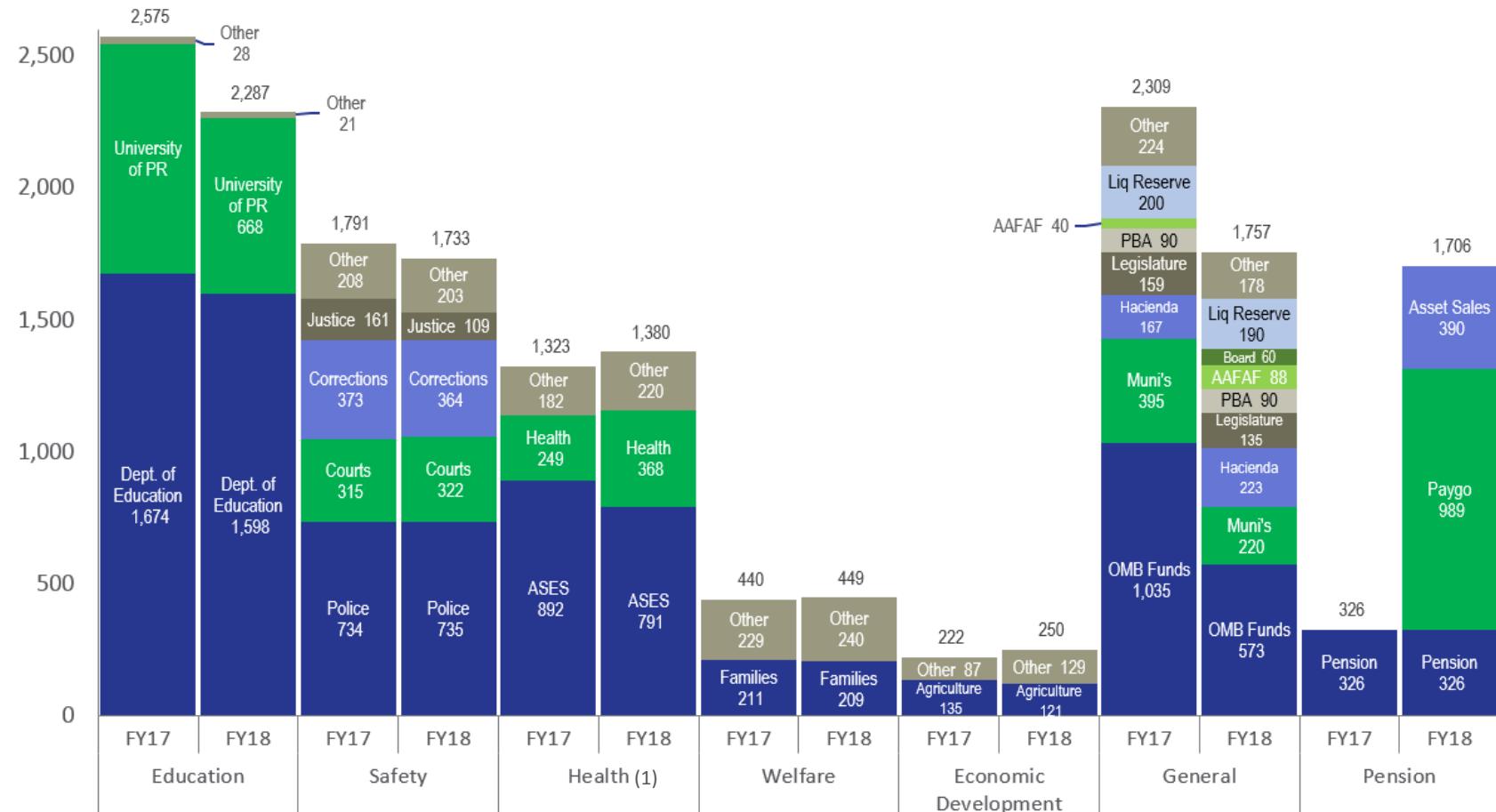
Note: FY16 General Fund revenue was subsequently reduced to \$9.175b by the Government

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget

A majority of the General Fund Budget is dedicated to education, public safety, health and welfare

FY17 Compared to FY18 General Fund Budget by Type

In Millions \$, by fiscal year



(1) The increase in healthcare costs is primarily related to an increase in local funding

Note: General Fund capital expenditures of approximately \$48m (of a total Consolidated Budget of \$1.2b) is split between multiple agencies

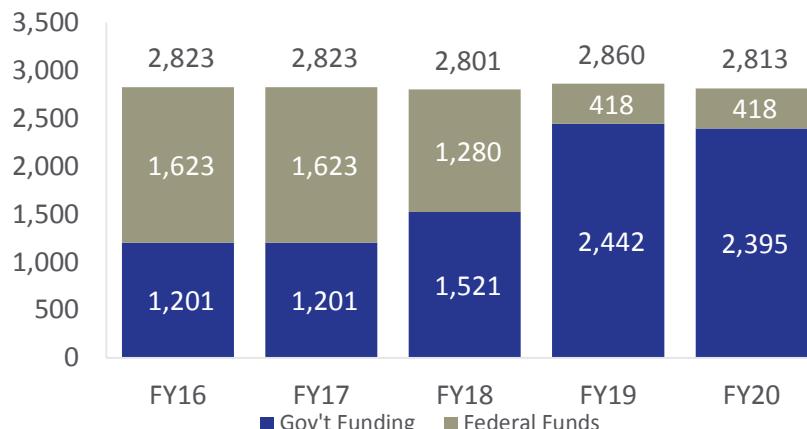
Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

ADDITIONAL SPENDING ANALYSES

Additional healthcare and pension funding was allocated in the FY18 Budget

Government Funding Increases due to Medicaid Cliff

In Millions \$, by fiscal year



Note: Figures net of \$100m in FY18, \$299m in FY19 and \$500m in FY20 from Fiscal Plan savings
Source: March 13, 2017 Fiscal Plan, OMB

Estimated Distribution of Healthcare Resources in FY18

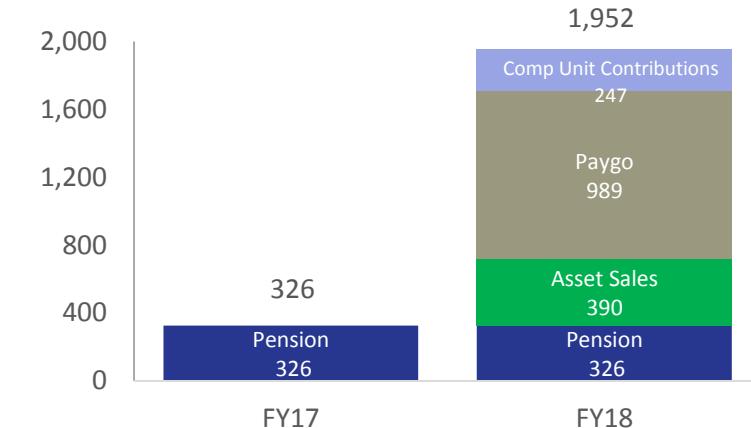
In Millions \$, by fiscal year

ASES Budget Funding		FY18
Federal Funds (Including ACA and addl. funds)		\$1,280
General Fund Allocation		791
Additional Government Funds		448
Other Income (Pharma rebates, copays)		281
Total		\$2,801

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

FY18 Consolidated Budget Pension Components

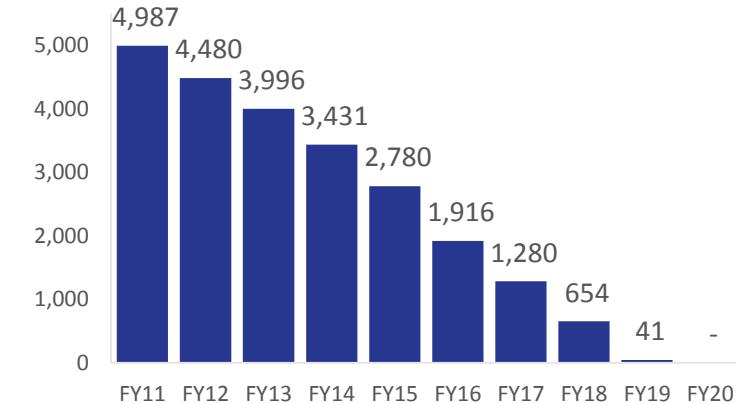
In Millions \$



Note: FY17 and FY18 pensions costs exclude employer pension cost
Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget

Liquid & Illiquid ERS System Assets

In Thousands \$

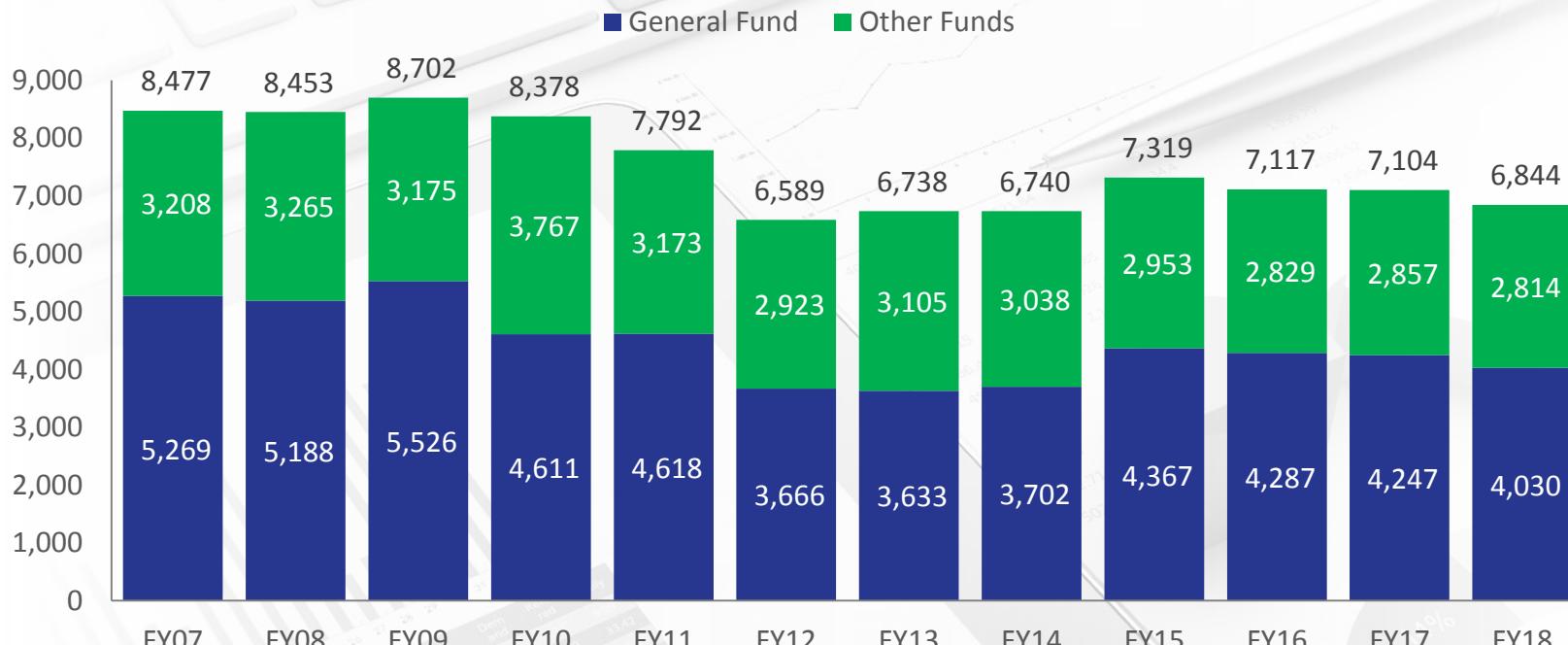


Source: Represents actuarial assets based on Actuarial Valuation Reports through 2015

Payroll costs decline in the FY18 Budget, due in part to attrition and reduction of transitory employees

General Fund and Consolidated Budget Historical Payroll

In Millions \$



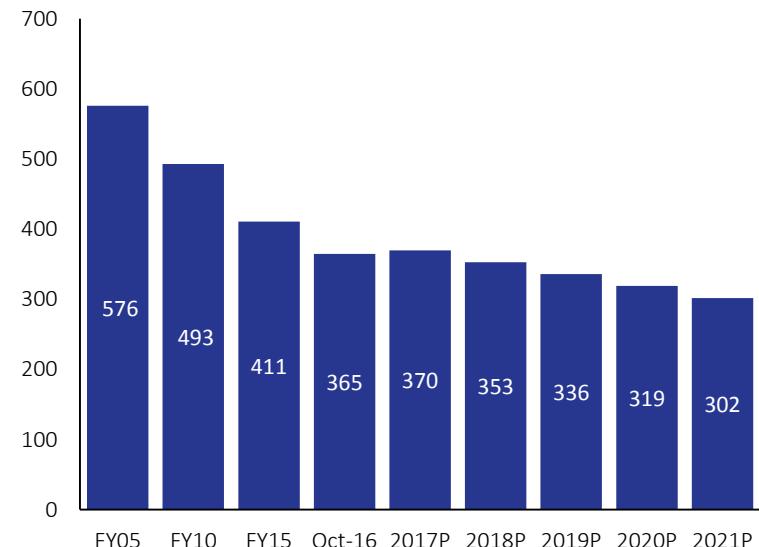
- General Fund payroll represents approximately 42% of total General Fund spending
- Other Funds payroll consists of payroll at component units, the largest being PREPA and PRASA

Note: Payroll increases from FY14 to FY15 because certain schoolwide program payroll costs at the Department of Education were misclassified as Other Agency Spending
The misclassification was corrected beginning with the FY15 Budget
Note: Total payroll for FY18 includes employer pension costs of \$598m
Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

Department of Education expenditures decrease in FY18 Budget as a result of efforts by the Department to review and streamline operations

Actual and Projected School Enrollment

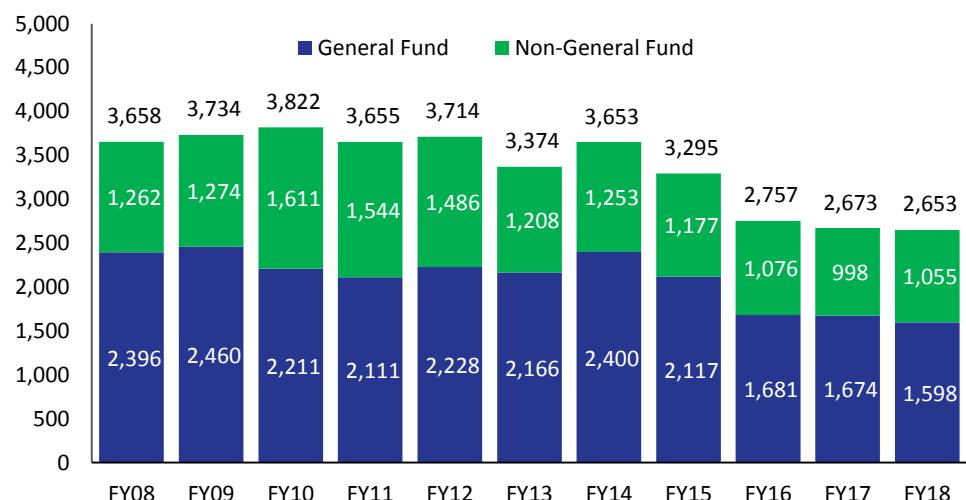
By fiscal year



Source: October 2016 Fiscal Plan

Department of Education General Fund and Consolidated Budget

In Thousands \$, by fiscal year



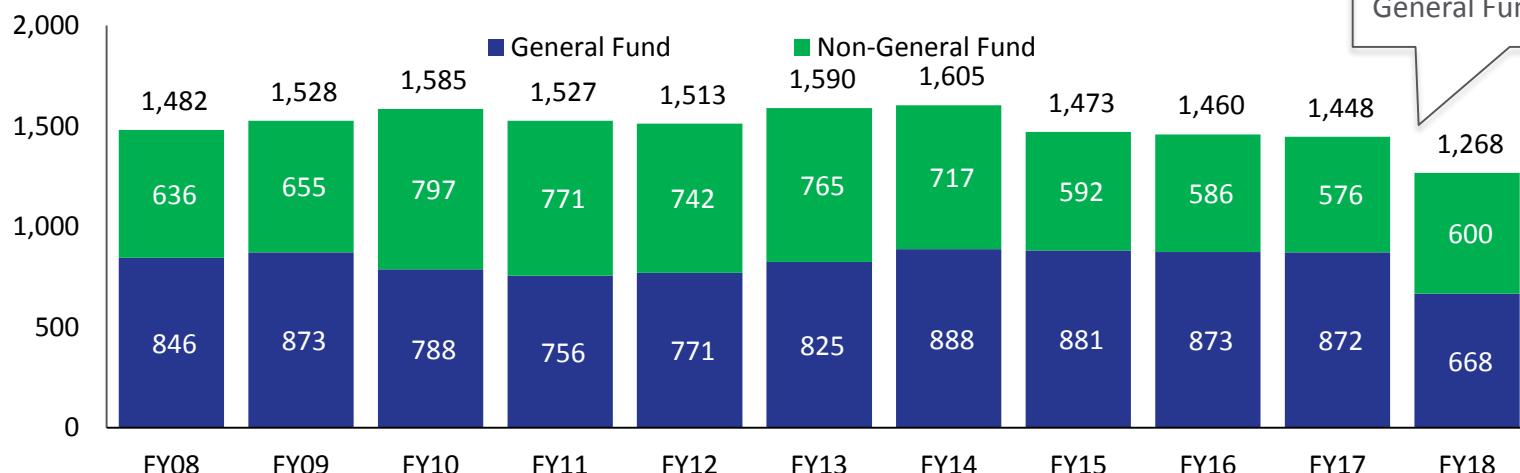
Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

- Efforts are underway by the Department of Education to review existing operations, prioritize spending and streamline education services without jeopardizing the delivery of this critical service
- The Government recently announced plans to close 167 schools by August 2017, which is expected to generate approximately \$7.5m in savings

University of Puerto Rico General Fund appropriation decreases in the FY18 Budget, consistent with the Fiscal Plan

UPR General Fund Budget and Consolidated Budget

In Millions \$, by fiscal year



Decrease in Consolidated Budget of 12% and General Fund of 23%

- The University has 11 campuses, more than 60,000 students, and 5,300 faculty members
- Government grants and appropriations as a percent of operating revenues are one of the highest for public universities
- While the General Fund appropriation declines, this reduction is partially offset by \$40m in incremental funding provided by other parts of the Consolidated Budget

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget- Budget Data

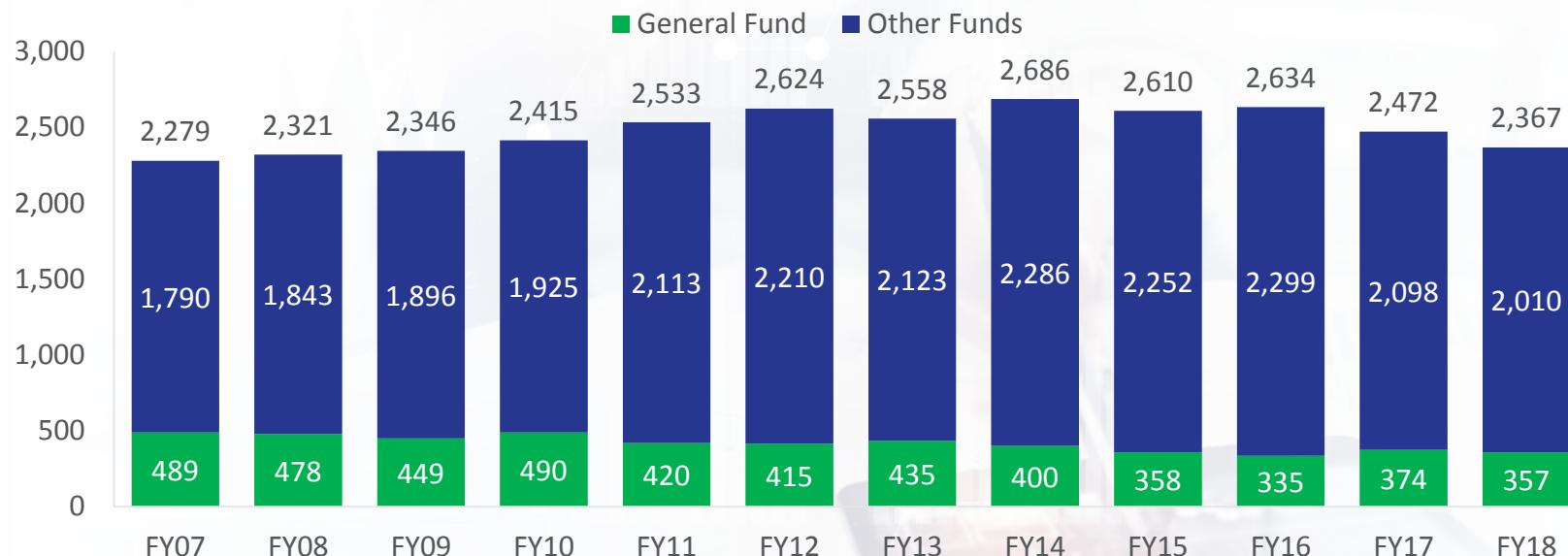
Additional UPR Expenditures	
In Millions \$	FY18
Capital Expenditures	\$15
Other Income Operating Costs	15
Training and Technical Assistance	10
Total	\$40

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

Purchased and professional services decreased \$105m in FY18

Historical General Fund and Consolidated Budget Purchased and Professional Services

In Millions \$



- The General Fund represents 15% of total purchased and professional services
- PREPA, PRASA, Department of Education, and HTA account for 60% of total purchased and professional services expenditures

Note: Chart is based on preliminary Budget allocation, final Budget allocation may differ

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

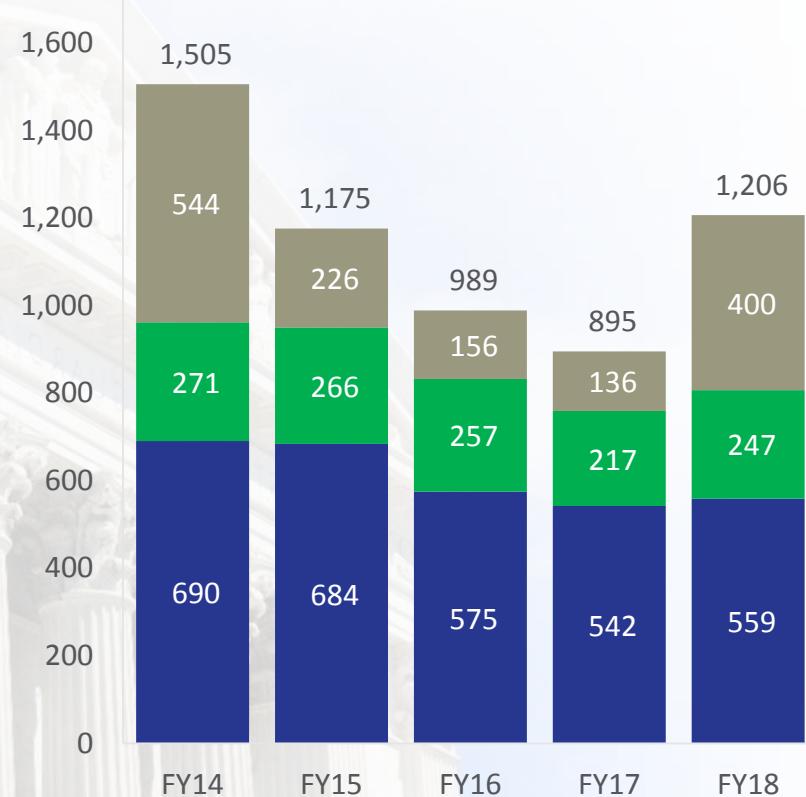
FY18 Budget includes capital expenditure increases mostly related to PREPA, PRASA and HTA

- Capital expenditures increase \$311m from FY17
- PRASA (\$304m), PREPA (\$275m), and HTA (\$281m) account for 70% of total FY18 capital expenditures
- Departments with the largest increase in capital expenditures from FY17 to FY18 include HTA, UPR, and the Department of Natural Resources

Historical Capital Expenditures in the Consolidated Budget

In Millions \$, by fiscal year

■ PREPA/PRASA ■ Federal Funds ■ Gov't funded (1)



(1) Self reported by local agency

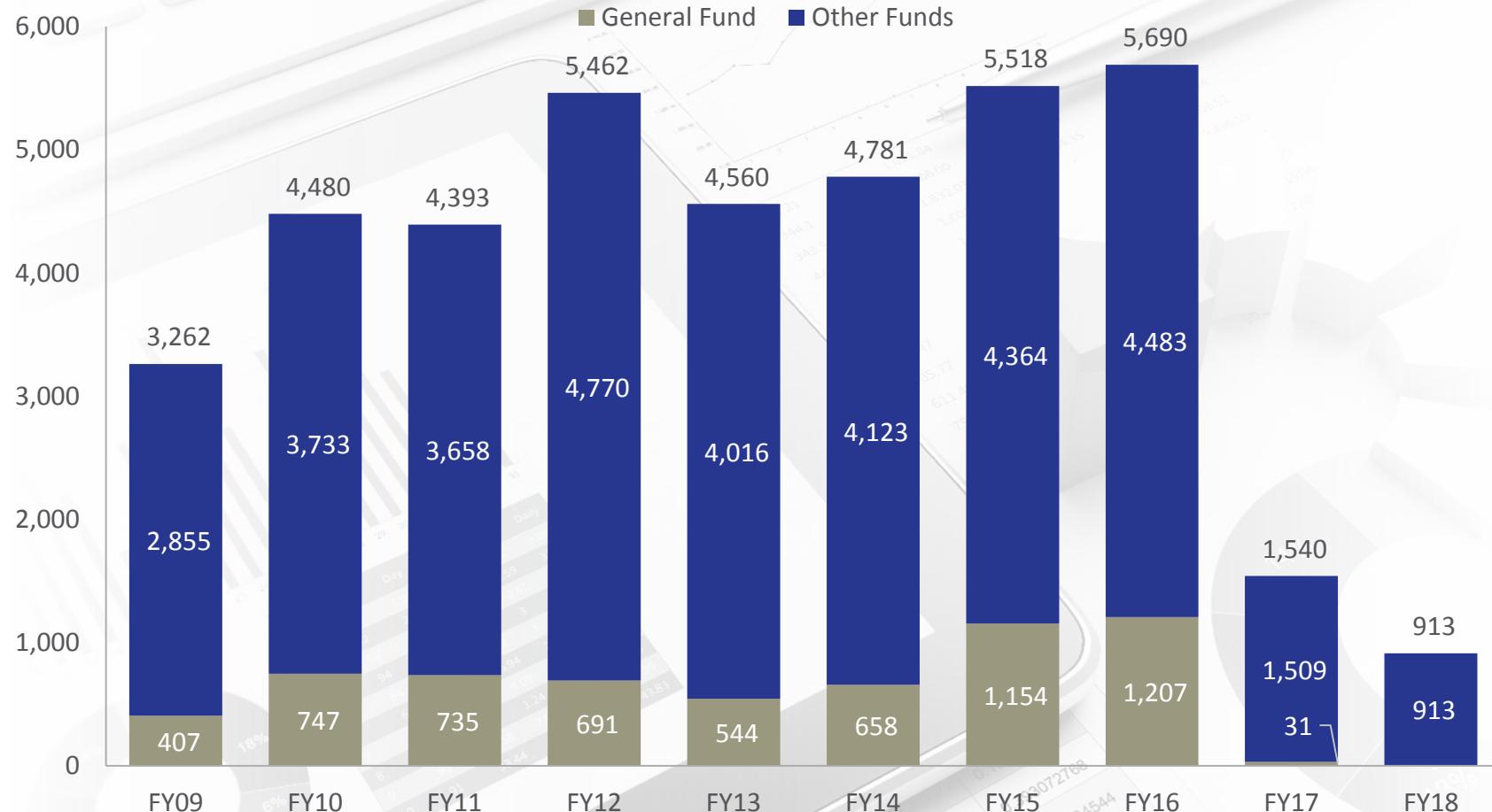
Note: Chart is based on preliminary Budget allocation, final Budget allocation may differ

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

The Government intends for the FY18 Budget to allocate funds for debt service after a Title III Plan of Adjustment is confirmed or Title VI agreements are approved by the Court

Debt Service in Historical Budgets

In Millions \$, by fiscal year



Note: FY18 debt service includes Federal debts (\$18m), PREPA (\$583m) and PRASA (\$313m) consistent with their Fiscal Plans

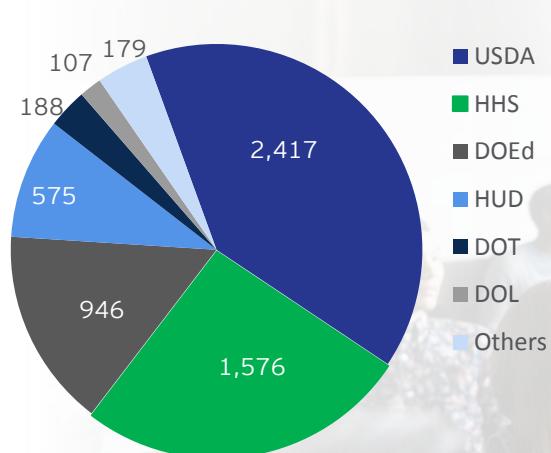
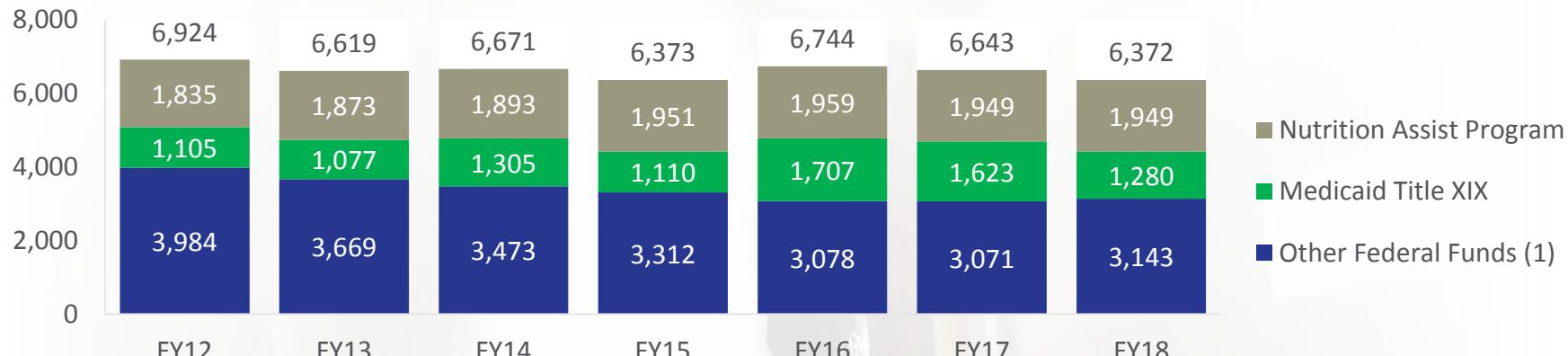
Note: Debt service for FY11-FY14 excludes refinancing of \$472m/\$148m, \$686m/\$154m, \$600m/175m and \$575m in GO and PBA debt service, respectively

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

Federal funding was reduced by 9% year-on-year, primarily driven by a reduction in Medicaid and Other Federal Funds

Historical Federal Funding

In Millions \$, by fiscal year



Department of Housing & Urban Dev.

Public and Indian Housing
Section 8 Rental Certificate Program
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers
Public Housing Capital Fund

Department of Labor

WIA Dislocated Workers
Unemployment Insurance
Employment Services
Occupational Safety and Health State Program

Department of Transportation

Highway Planning and Construction
Federal Transit and Formula Grants
State and Community Highway Safety

Department of Agriculture

Nutrition Assistance Program
NAP for Women, Infants and Children
National School Lunch

Department of Education

Title I Grants
Special Education Grants
Pell Grants
Improving Teacher Quality Grants

Dept of Health and Human Services

Medicaid Title XIX
Head Start
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families

(1) Federal Funds increased from FY15 to FY16 in part due to a shift from the third-party administrator to the managed care organization health model which began on April 1, 2015

Source: Puerto Rico Consolidated Budget, Office of Management and Budget. Not comparable with US Census Figures because it excludes direct grants to non-profits, private entities and certain Municipalities; the number corresponds to a different year; and the numbers are strictly a compilation of self reported numbers for Government agencies

APPENDIX

Revenues and expense measures in FY18 Budget total approximately \$1.875m

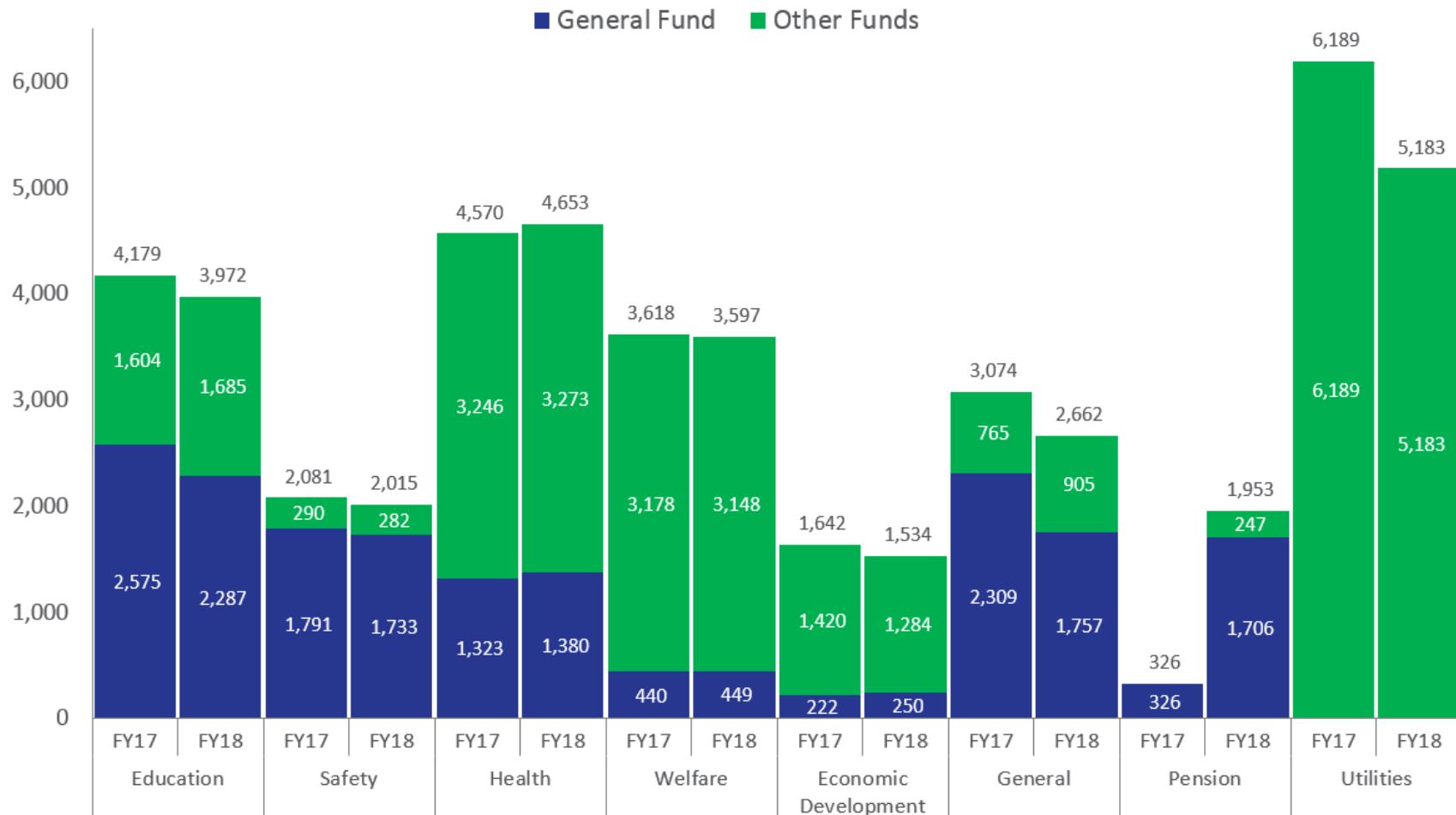
Revenue Actions In Budget <i>In Millions \$</i>		Expense Actions In Budget <i>In Millions \$</i>	
Item	Amount	Item	Amount
Extend Act 154 law	\$519	Personnel-related expense	(\$167)
Improved tax compliance	150	Non-personnel related expense	(179)
Increase and right-size fees	56	Reduction of UPR subsidies	(201)
Addl. revenue enhancements	<u>199</u>	Reduction of other subsidies	(210)
Subtotal of revenue measures	\$924	Additional expense measures	(45)
		Reduction of healthcare spending	(100)
		Payroll and operational exp. freeze	<u>(49)</u>
		Total ¹	(\$951)

(1) (Reduction to expense)/ Increase to expenses

The Consolidated Budget is \$25.6b and reflects year-on-year reductions in every major spend category, other than health and pensions

FY17 Compared to FY18 Consolidated Budget by Type

In Millions \$, by fiscal year



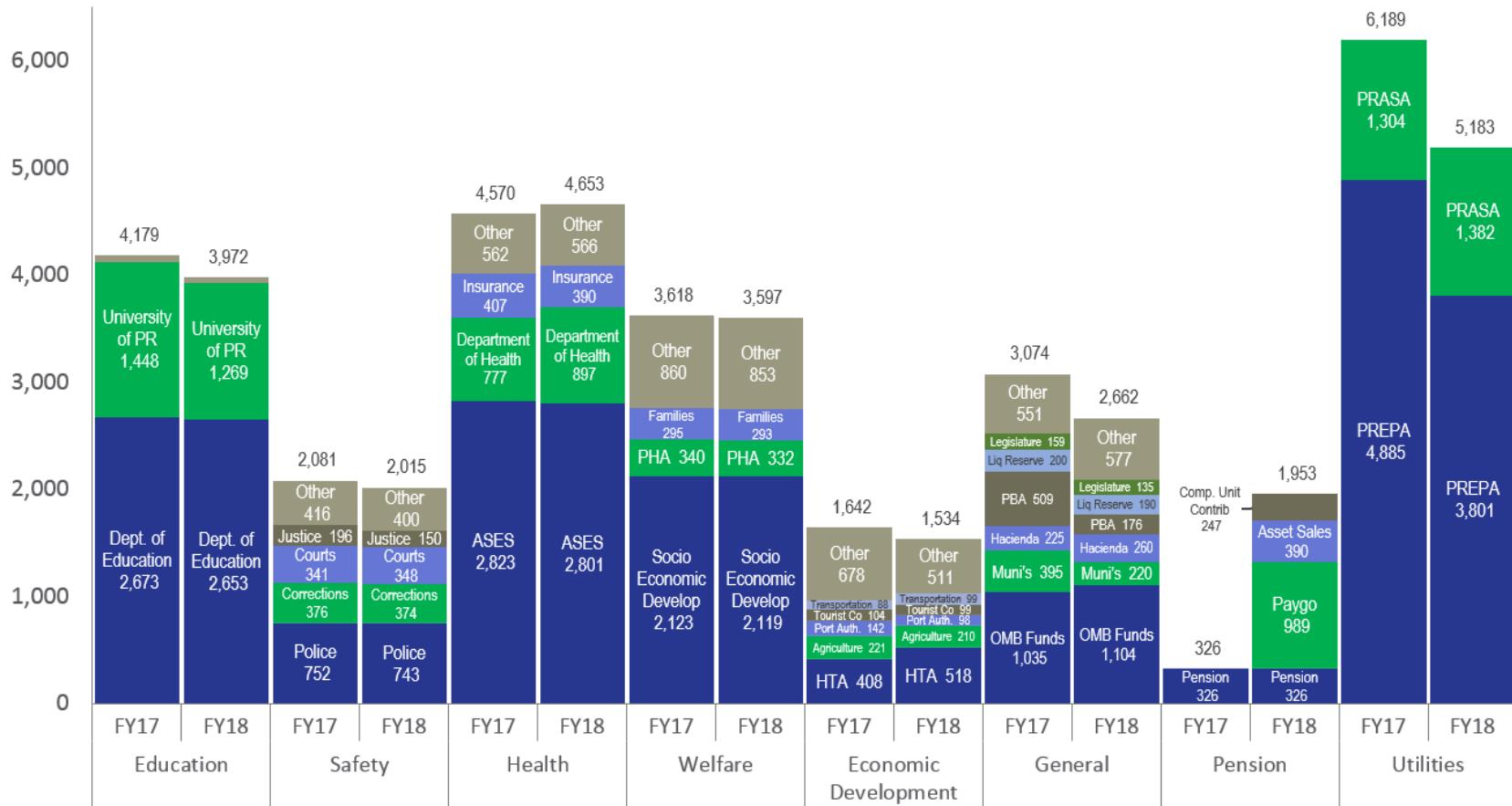
(1) Total pension cost of \$2.5b includes \$598m of employer costs currently sitting in individual agency payroll categories

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

Detailed agency comparison of the Consolidated Budget by type for FY17 and FY18

FY17 and FY18 Consolidated Budget by Type

In Millions \$, by fiscal year



(1) Healthcare costs increase primarily due to an increase in local funding of \$448m, additional Medicaid funding of \$296m and a Reconciliation Adjustment of \$100m

(2) Other Economic Development costs are distributed amongst 24 agencies including: other transportation, agriculture, land, infrastructure and trade & export

(3) Consolidated capital expenditures of approximately \$1.2b is split between multiple agencies

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

FY18 Consolidated Budget is slightly lower than FY17, even after increases in pension related expenses

Allocation	FY17	FY18	Change		Allocation	FY17	FY18	Change	
PREPA	\$4,885	\$3,801	(\$1,083)	⬇️	Hacienda	\$225	\$260	\$35	⬆️
OMB Custody Funds	1,035	1,104	69	⬆️	Municipalities	395	220	(175)	⬇️
Healthcare (ASES)	2,823	2,801	(22)	⬇️	Care and Development of Children	174	211	37	⬆️
Department of Education	2,673	2,653	(19)	⬇️	Housing Finance Authority	221	201	(20)	⬇️
Socio Economic Development	2,123	2,119	(4)	⬇️	Liquidity Reserve	200	190	(10)	⬇️
PRASA	1,304	1,382	78	⬆️	Agricultural Development	167	181	14	⬆️
University of Puerto Rico	1,448	1,269	(179)	⬇️	Public Building Authority	509	176	(333)	⬇️
PayGo & Component Unit Charge	0	1,236	1,236	⬆️	Mental Health	126	149	23	⬆️
Department of Health	777	897	119	⬆️	Justice	196	150	(46)	⬇️
Police	752	743	(9)	⬇️	Puerto Rico Legislature	159	135	(24)	⬇️
Road Authority	408	518	109	⬆️	Hacienda Custody Funds	112	112	0	➡️
State Insurance Fund	407	390	(17)	⬇️	Department of Housing	115	116	1	➡️
Pension Asset Sales	0	390	390	⬆️	Corp Centro Cardiovascular	79	75	(4)	⬇️
Corrections	376	374	(2)	⬇️	Human Resources	127	110	(17)	⬇️
Courts	341	348	7	⬆️	Tourist Company	104	99	(5)	⬇️
Public Housing Administration	340	332	(8)	⬇️	Transportation and Public Works	88	99	11	⬆️
Retirement System	326	326	(0)	⬇️	Ports Authority	142	98	(44)	⬇️
Families	295	293	(2)	⬇️	Transportation Authority	103	87	(16)	⬇️
Corp Service Medical Center	240	234	(6)	⬇️	Other	1,882	1,691	(191)	⬇️
Subtotal	\$20,553	\$21,209	\$656	⬆️	Subtotal	5,125	4,360	(765)	⬇️
					Total	\$25,678	\$25,569	(\$109)	⬇️

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

FY18 General Fund is slightly higher than FY17, and includes incremental pension costs

Allocation	FY17	FY18	Change		Allocation	FY17	FY18	Change	
PREPA	\$0	\$0	\$0	➡	Hacienda	\$167	\$223	\$56	⬆
OMB Custody Funds	1,035	574	(461)	⬇	Municipalities	395	220	(175)	⬇
Healthcare (ASES)	892	791	(100)	⬇	Care and Development of Children	13	51	37	⬆
Department of Education	1,674	1,598	(77)	⬇	Housing Finance Authority	11	10	(1)	⬇
Socio Economic Development	72	68	(4)	⬇	Liquidity Reserve	200	190	(10)	⬇
PRASA	0	0	0	➡	Agricultural Development	84	96	12	⬆
University of Puerto Rico	872	668	(204)	⬇	Public Building Authority	90	90	0	➡
PayGo & Component Unit Charge	0	989	989	⬆	Mental Health	82	105	23	⬆
Department of Health	249	368	119	⬆	Justice	161	109	(52)	⬇
Police	734	735	1	⬆	Puerto Rico Legislature	159	135	(24)	⬇
Road Authority	0	1	1	⬆	Hacienda Custody Funds	0	0	0	➡
State Insurance Fund	0	0	0	➡	Department of Housing	13	12	(1)	⬇
Pension Asset Sales	0	390	390	⬆	Corp Centro Cardiovascular	0	0	0	➡
Corrections	373	364	(8)	⬇	Human Resources	11	7	(4)	⬇
Courts	315	322	7	⬆	Tourist Company	0	0	0	➡
Public Housing Administration	0	0	(0)	⬇	Transportation and Public Works	32	52	19	⬆
Retirement System	326	326	(0)	⬇	Ports Authority	0	0	0	➡
Families	211	209	(2)	⬇	Transportation Authority	29	25	(4)	⬇
Corp Service Medical Center	42	64	23	⬆	Other	744	770	26	⬆
Subtotal	\$6,795	\$7,469	\$673	⬆	Subtotal	2,192	2,093	(99)	⬇
					Total	\$ 8,987	\$ 9,562	\$574	⬆

Source: Puerto Rico Office of Management and Budget – Budget Data

Fiscal reforms included in the Budget

Revenue enhancements	Healthcare
Collect outstanding taxes from individuals	Implement standard fee schedule for providers and ancillary services
Develop alternative models for new corporate tax regime	Replace the current profit sharing contract clause in MCO contract
Increase various taxes and fees (gaming, tobacco, military stores, insurance premium, others)	Expand coordination of benefits to ensure Mi Salud serves as payor of last resort
Sell property tax liens and design a new property tax regime	Create Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Department of Corrections to identify misclassified beneficiaries
Increase sales and use tax compliance	Create MOU with New York and Florida to identify the beneficiaries that are enrolled in Mi Salud
Right Sizing	Pensions
Freeze salaries, eliminating impact of inflation	Create Medicaid Fraud Control Unit to investigate and persecute Medicaid fraud
Do not renew some one-year contract employees	Reduce drug costs
Control backfilling of employees who have voluntarily left	Adjust benefits
Reduce municipal subsidies	Switch to a new, single-region MCO Model
Reduce UPR subsidies	
Reduce private sector subsidies	
Prevent incremental operating expenses	
Consolidate select agency services and facilities	
Renegotiate contract prices for procured goods and services	Implement legislative changes to pension benefits
Cancel unnecessary or duplicate contracts	Reform pension benefits
Reduce quantity of purchased goods and services	